## Additional file: Classification models

List of the classification models with the best performance in discriminating taxa groups based on NIP descriptor values.

| Model | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Functions.LibSVM | Support vector machines classifier. Constructs a <br> hyperplane-or set of hyperplanes—in a high or infinite <br> dimensional space, which can be used for classification or <br> regression [EL-Manzalawy, 2005, Chang and Lin, 2001] <br> Builds a multinomial logistic regression model with a <br> ridge estimator [le Cessie and van Houwelingen, 1992] <br> Backpropagation neural network <br> Functions.Logistic <br> Functions.MultilayerPerceptron <br> Learest-neighbor classifier. Uses normalized Euclidean <br> distance to find the training instance closest to the given <br> test instance, and predicts the same class as this training <br> instance. If multiple instances have the same (smallest) <br> distance to the test instance, the first one found is used |
| [Aha and Kibler, 1991] |  |

## References

D. Aha and D. Kibler. Instance-based learning algorithms. Machine Learning, 6: 37-66, 1991.
L. Breiman. Random forests. Machine Learning, 45(1):5-32, 2001.
C.-C. Chang and C.-J. Lin. Libsvm - a library for support vector machines, 2001. URL http://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/ cjlin/libsvm/. The Weka classifier works with version 2.82 of LIBSVM.
W. W. Cohen. Fast effective rule induction. In Twelfth International Conference on Machine Learning, pages 115-123. Morgan Kaufmann, 1995.
Y. EL-Manzalawy. Wlsvm, 2005.
R. Holte. Very simple classification rules perform well on most commonly used datasets. Machine Learning, 11:63-91, 1993.
S. le Cessie and J. van Houwelingen. Ridge estimators in logistic regression. Applied Statistics, 41(1):191-201, 1992.

